

Beam Stability

Driven by the Science

- Beam Stability Workshop, SRI 2001, SRC
 - Collective input
 - Bob Hettel & Glen Decker
- SRC, input
 - Joe Bisognano
 - Emil Hallin (CSRF user, now CLS)
 - Bob Pedley & John Stott (SHADOW scripts/calcs)
 - Bob Bosch ID compensations

Introduction

- Beam stability = electron + photon
 - Albeit, AP-spin, here
 - Everybody's problem, however
- “We see this. And you don't???”
- Find users using/seeking beam stability that you hadn't even spec'ed. Not articulated. Blindsided.

Why Beam Stability?

- Science-driven: Existing & future experiments need to specify/drive facility's evolution.
- GPRA, ideal
 - Inherently quantifiable
- User's endpoint: "Best machine is a boring machine."

G.P.R.A.

And, most fundamentally, under the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (GPRRA), every major federal agency must now ask itself some basic questions: **What is our mission? What are our goals and how will we achieve them? How can we measure our performance? How will we use that information to make improvements?** GPRRA forces a shift in the focus of federal agencies—away from such traditional concerns as staffing and activity levels and toward a **single overriding issue: results. GPRRA requires agencies to set goals, measure performance, and report on their accomplishments.**

Challenges

- Tantalus to Aladdin: 10^{-5} to $<10^{-3}$.
 - Missing class of experiments (modulation spectroscopy)
 - Why?
- Bright, diffraction-limited source
 - Stable within diffraction volume
 - Ideally, stable w/o feedback
 - Beamlines/instrumentation of comparable quality. Need equally strong links in chain.

Reality

- Dynamic perturbations (e.g. ID's) ... require feed-forward/feedback. (Machine examples)
 - Global/local closed-orbit feedback/feedforward
 - Steerers
 - Fast instabilities
 - Focusing/beamsize control
 - Global: “Tune Tracker” (SRC)
 - Local: 8-quad feedforward (SRC)
 - Global/local coupling: vertical sizes & x-y (roll) rotation (SRC, future?)
 - Longitudinal
 - 4Hrf (bunch lengthening) – feedforward (SRC)
 - Feedback

Now What?

- Long germination periods for new diagnostics/innovations. Limited resources. Imperative to plan carefully, and long in advance.
- Two approaches
 - Serendipity - “If you see you can improve it, then do so.”
Reactive cures.
 - Methodical – Driving-term management
 - Determine what is required (by users/science)
 - Develop long-term planning for upgrades
 - Budget/manpower resources
 - Decide priorities (most science per allocated resources)
 - Design/schedule improvements (machine, beamlines, instrumentation)
 - Deliverables vs. time

Mandates

- Engage users in active dialog.
 - Convey: they are integral/active part of a dynamic process. Their feedback is important/crucial
 - Speak in their terms. Assume they may see source as only black-box.
 - Generate quantitative measures of critical parameters.
 - Determine requirements for existing/future experiments
- Involve beamline designers, accelerator physics, controls, operations, engineering
 - Need for common dialog and participation.
 - Adopt cooperative, no-fault attitudes
 - Pursue common/shared/interface diagnostics/methods
- Outcome: Consequential, prioritized improvements

Forums

- Generally: Facility user meetings.
- Stability committees?

- Performance Issues Workshop, ALS, Oct 2000.
 - Brought up for discussion.
- Workshop, SRI 2001, UW-Madison, Aug 2001.
 - [www.src.wisc.edu/sri2001/workshop_2/transcript_and_attachments.pdf]
 - Contribution from R. Hettel & pointer to G. Decker
- CLS ID Workshop & Users Meeting
- Performance Issues Workshop, APS, 2002(?)
- Int'1 SRI 2003, ALS(?)

Rationale

- Beginning w user requirements, on a particular beamline, operated in a particular mode
- Determine requisite stability of (moving upstream)
 - Instrumentation
 - Optical delivery system
 - Source
- Subsequently determine stability requirements for sub-systems
 - Instrumentation ...
 - Optical delivery system ...
 - Source: pinning-points, fields, ...; examples

Source Subsystems, Examples

- Frequencies
- Power supplies
- HVAC
- Cooling
- Vibrations
- Optical monitoring stations, software
- Feedback systems
- Etc., etc., etc.

Anything Else?

- This is NOT just a source problem!
- Optical monitors into feedback?
- ID monitors – a chronic problem
- Heightened sensitivity from misalignments.
- Can optical systems be designed to be less sensitive?
- Are beamlines sensitive to angles?
 - Typically, ring BPM's assure positional stability and imply angular stability.
- Adaptive optics? More than just steering.

Anything Else? (cont.)

- Internal beamline feedback?
- Beamline/user to ring-controls feedback?
- Absolute vs relative diagnostics.

Preventative/Maintenance

- Diagnostic beamlines
- Data-mining - process logged data for stability information vs varying time intervals. Quantify stability/improvements.
- Beamline characterization – very instructive
 - From ring-side, raster photon beam across BL acceptance; positions/angles, both planes
 - Hypersensitive? Relative misalignment?
 - Regular basis
- Periodically take/process ring steerer-response & beta/coupling data.

User Parameters - examples

- Throughput [%]
- Energy
 - Central value [% of resolution]
 - Spread/resolution [%]
- Image
 - Positions [% of size]
 - Size [%]
 - Quality [?; using acceptance into N-sigma ellipse]
- Other?
 - Polarization
 - Temporal (e.g. IR)
 - ???

Ring-Side Parameters

- Transverse positions/angles, both planes
- Transverse sizes/divergences, both planes
- Longitudinal-axis rotation/coupling (i.e. roll)
- Energy
- Temporal (time, phase)
- Current
- Other?

Relationships

- Using optical raytracing software (e.g. SHADOW)
- Functionalities: user and source/ring (or instrumentation/beamline) parameters
- Assumptions
 - Single-source-parameter & photon-energy variations
 - Other (e.g. optical-delivery) systems ideal, aligned
- For given beamline/mode
 - Matrix of relationships
 - Impose user requirements to perform a given experiment (basic step)
 - Everything else falls into place after this!!!
 - Find limiting dependencies for each source parameter
 - from which subsequently deduce allowed magnet, bpm, etc., etc., etc., errors

IR & Other Exceptions

- Don't know how to invert
- Can empirically study relationships by impressing signatred-oscillations onto beam
- Excellent example of Science/Instrumentation benefiting machine performances

Matrix, Example

Microsoft Excel - SHADOW Interface Sheet #31.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help

Prompt

Y38 =

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
1																				
2		Beamline		Wadsworth																
3																				
4				Source	SIGMAx	846.86														
5					SIGMAxp															
6					SIGMAy	80.0														
7					SIGMAyp															
8					Energy	8	eV													
9																				
10		Requirement					x		y		Pitch		Yaw		Roll (THETAz)		SIGMAx		SIGMAy	
11		-	+				-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+
12	Percent	-1.0	1.0	Loss of Thruput		-5340	5220	-25.8	34.8	-552	538	-485	524	-36652	33510	NS	NS	73	NS	
15	eV	7.999975	8.000025	Energy	Shift	NS	NS	-7.5	17.5	-545	579	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	57	140	
18	eV		0.0003		Resolution	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	1676	-142942	157079	NS	NS	69	NS	
21		-8.6829	2.8835	Image	Xc	-90	120	NS	NS	NS	NS	-112	45	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
24		-0.707	0.3496		Yc	-13050	14580	-9.6	9.0	-90	86	-817	771	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
27		57.254	58.41		SIGMAx	-5546	10294	-193.5	NS	-941	1151	-140	115	-37175	32987	840	860	NS	NS	
30		5.2297	5.3354		SIGMAy	-330	300	-7.8	13.8	-362	132	-45	136	-15708	23562	495	1322	79	82	
33		0.8191			Acceptance	-4740	2310	NS	NS	-1172	993	NS	908	-132924	132331	NS	974	NS	103	
36																				
37					Limitation															
38																				
39							x		y		Pitch		Yaw		Roll (THETAz)		SIGMAx		SIGMAy	
40							-90	120	-7.5	9.0	-90	86	-45	45	-15708	23562	840	860	79	82
41																				
42																				

Sheet1 / Sheet2 / Sheet3 /

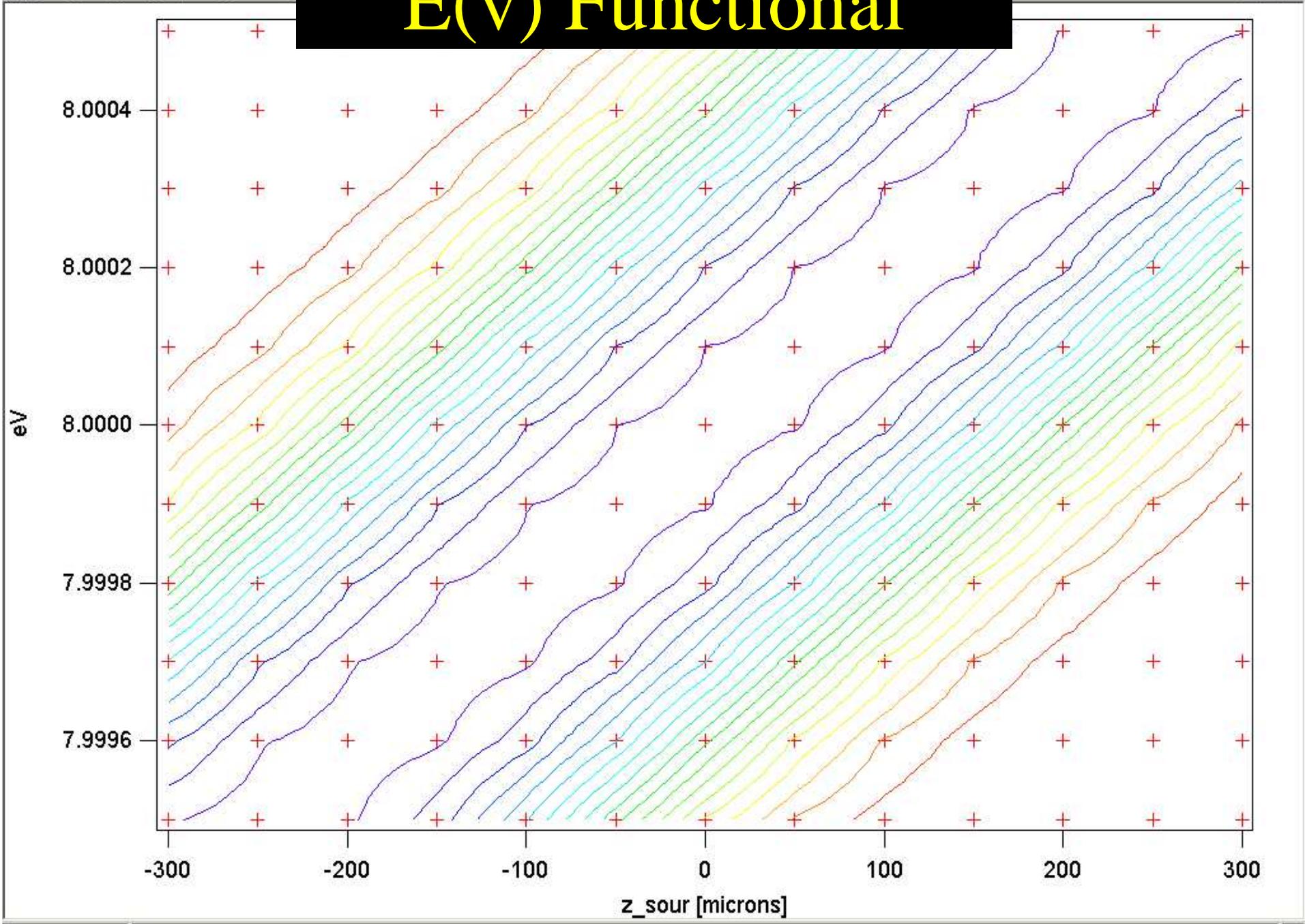
Draw AutoShapes

Ready NUM

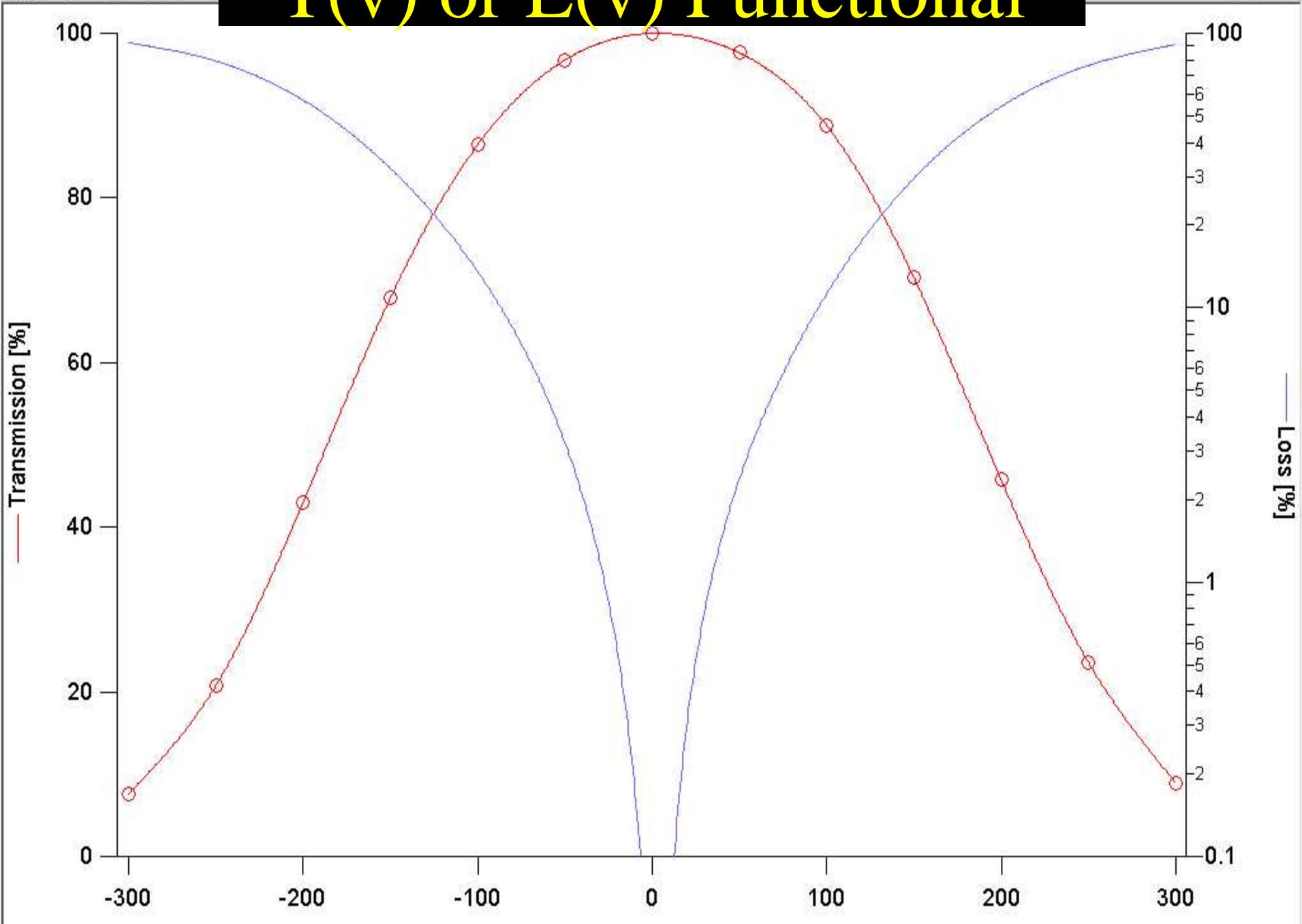
Polynomial Fitting Coefficients

1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X		
2	Function	min	max	Constant	Linear	Quadratic	Cubic	Quartic	etc.	Polynomial Fit Coefficients																
3	L(x)	-15000	15000	0.0243246	1.07E-05	2.27E-09	-3.93E-13	8.83E-16	1.42E-20	1.42E-24	2.57E-28	4.39E-31	-6.20E-36	-4.92E-39	3.69E-44	1.94E-47	-6.89E-53	-2.68E-56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	E(x)	-10000	10000	8	9.78E-11	1.32E-13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	JE(x)	-15000	15000	0.0002513	2.31E-11	-1.58E-14	-7.30E-19	1.09E-22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	KE(x)	-15000	15000	-2.89968	0.0637451	-1.53E-07	1.70E-12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	YE(x)	-15000	15000	-0.178695	-2.98E-07	4.95E-09	4.41E-14	-3.56E-17	-4.46E-22	1.30E-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	SX(x)	-9000	13000	57.832	-5.95E-05	8.69E-09	1.71E-13	7.48E-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	SY(x)	-15000	15000	5.28256	0.00017649	6.66E-08	-1.03E-12	-1.82E-16	2.48E-21	2.79E-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10	R(x)	-15000	15000	0.862187	-1.05E-05	-3.89E-09	1.23E-13	1.43E-17	-6.17E-22	-2.27E-26	1.07E-30	1.99E-36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	L(y)	-300	300	0.0393275	-0.0087558	0.0010315	-4.90E-07	2.57E-08	4.05E-11	-5.36E-13	-1.10E-15	2.93E-18	1.28E-20	3.70E-25	-5.28E-26	-2.53E-29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	E(y)	-250	250	7.99999	2.01E-06	7.38E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	JE(y)	-100	100	0.00025122	-4.77E-10	-1.57E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	KE(y)	-250	300	-0.17042	-0.002201	-5.57E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15	YE(y)	-300	300	-0.154521	0.0569883	1.52E-06	-4.21E-07	-2.54E-12	1.83E-12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	SX(y)	-250	250	57.7354	-0.0010171	5.67E-06	-3.63E-08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	SY(y)	-300	300	5.23707	0.00037555	-6.91E-05	7.56E-09	7.38E-10	-4.92E-13	-3.22E-15	4.06E-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18	R(y)	-300	300	0.867396	-7.79E-06	2.92E-06	1.09E-09	-4.82E-11	-1.96E-14	2.74E-16	1.02E-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	L(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	0.0631731	-8.93E-05	-2.91E-06	4.14E-09	3.60E-11	-1.85E-14	-1.26E-16	3.13E-20	3.15E-22	-2.29E-26	-2.46E-28	6.02E-33	6.13E-35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	E(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	7.99999	8.92E-09	1.34E-10	-7.05E-14	-8.67E-17	1.29E-19	5.53E-23	-7.68E-26	-3.34E-29	1.17E-32	1.03E-35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	JE(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	0.00025162	4.12E-11	-7.03E-12	-3.91E-16	4.07E-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	KE(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	-0.220409	-0.0001086	-3.74E-08	3.20E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	YE(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	-0.177926	0.00605176	3.44E-06	-5.03E-10	-1.08E-12	-3.48E-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	SX(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	57.7701	-0.0004004	1.44E-07	-1.62E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	SY(pitch)	-1221.7	1221.7	5.25821	0.00037898	1.65E-06	-3.22E-10	-1.05E-12	5.58E-17	2.45E-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	R(pitch)	-1221.7	1047.2	0.861636	-2.42E-05	-7.47E-08	2.66E-11	3.63E-14	1.20E-18	1.49E-20	-7.91E-24	-1.51E-26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	L(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	0.0252932	0.00011287	1.37E-06	-2.58E-09	-5.01E-12	4.08E-15	6.98E-17	-2.65E-21	-5.25E-23	7.71E-28	1.47E-29	-8.22E-35	-1.48E-36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	E(yaw)	-1047.2	1047.2	7.99999	4.85E-09	5.12E-11	-5.58E-14	-2.68E-17	1.05E-19	9.27E-24	-5.33E-26	3.17E-30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	JE(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	0.00025104	1.53E-09	-4.70E-13	-2.78E-15	7.10E-20	1.35E-21	2.86E-25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	KE(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	-0.295332	0.0746748	6.66E-06	-7.41E-09	-1.31E-12	6.15E-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	YE(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	-0.172142	-4.43E-05	1.04E-06	1.92E-10	-3.33E-13	-1.35E-16	-8.44E-21	2.98E-23	1.93E-26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	SX(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	57.9023	0.00457348	-5.37E-07	-2.05E-09	-3.27E-13	4.16E-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	SY(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	5.25595	0.0005738	1.49E-07	-4.41E-11	-4.86E-14	-1.30E-17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	R(yaw)	-1745.3	1745.3	0.861029	-5.52E-05	-5.99E-09	1.40E-11	4.86E-15	-1.27E-18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	L(rall)	-261799	261799	-0.0603225	5.61E-06	8.15E-10	-2.20E-15	3.16E-20	2.00E-25	-2.63E-30	-8.83E-36	9.02E-41	2.02E-46	-1.66E-51	-2.29E-57	1.57E-62	1.02E-68	-6.03E-74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	E(rall)	-157080	157080	7.99999	5.63E-12	5.98E-17	-3.79E-22	9.88E-27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	JE(rall)	-261799	261799	0.00025014	6.09E-11	-2.54E-15	-8.92E-21	2.54E-25	3.03E-31	-6.74E-36	-4.03E-42	8.37E-47	1.90E-53	-3.96E-58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38	KE(rall)	-261799	261799	-0.213807	-2.84E-06	-4.50E-13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	YE(rall)	-261799	261799	-0.156533	2.23E-07	3.53E-13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	SX(rall)	-261799	261799	58.0371	-3.53E-06	-6.49E-10	3.98E-16	3.83E-21	-1.05E-26	5.63E-32	7.85E-38	-6.73E-43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	SY(rall)	-261799	261799	5.27838	-1.15E-06	1.58E-10	1.41E-16	-8.88E-21	-6.26E-27	3.25E-31	1.46E-37	-6.92E-42	-1.69E-48	7.66E-53	7.73E-60	-3.37E-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42	R(rall)	-148353	148353	0.861649	9.11E-08	-9.45E-12	-1.18E-17	1.05E-21	3.99E-28	-5.54E-32	-1.59E-39	1.05E-42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43	L(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	E(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	7.9999994	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	JE(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	2.51E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	KE(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	0.137001	-0.000167	-3.02E-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	YE(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	-0.17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
48	SX(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	16.6645	0.0311352	2.70E-05	-7.81E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	SY(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	5.21865	-1.70E-05	7.97E-08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	R(Sx)	211.71	1481.9	0.980826	-0.0002487	9.78E-07	-1.85E-09	1.23E-12	-2.84E-16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	L(Sy)	20	140	0.102835	0.00742552	-0.0																				

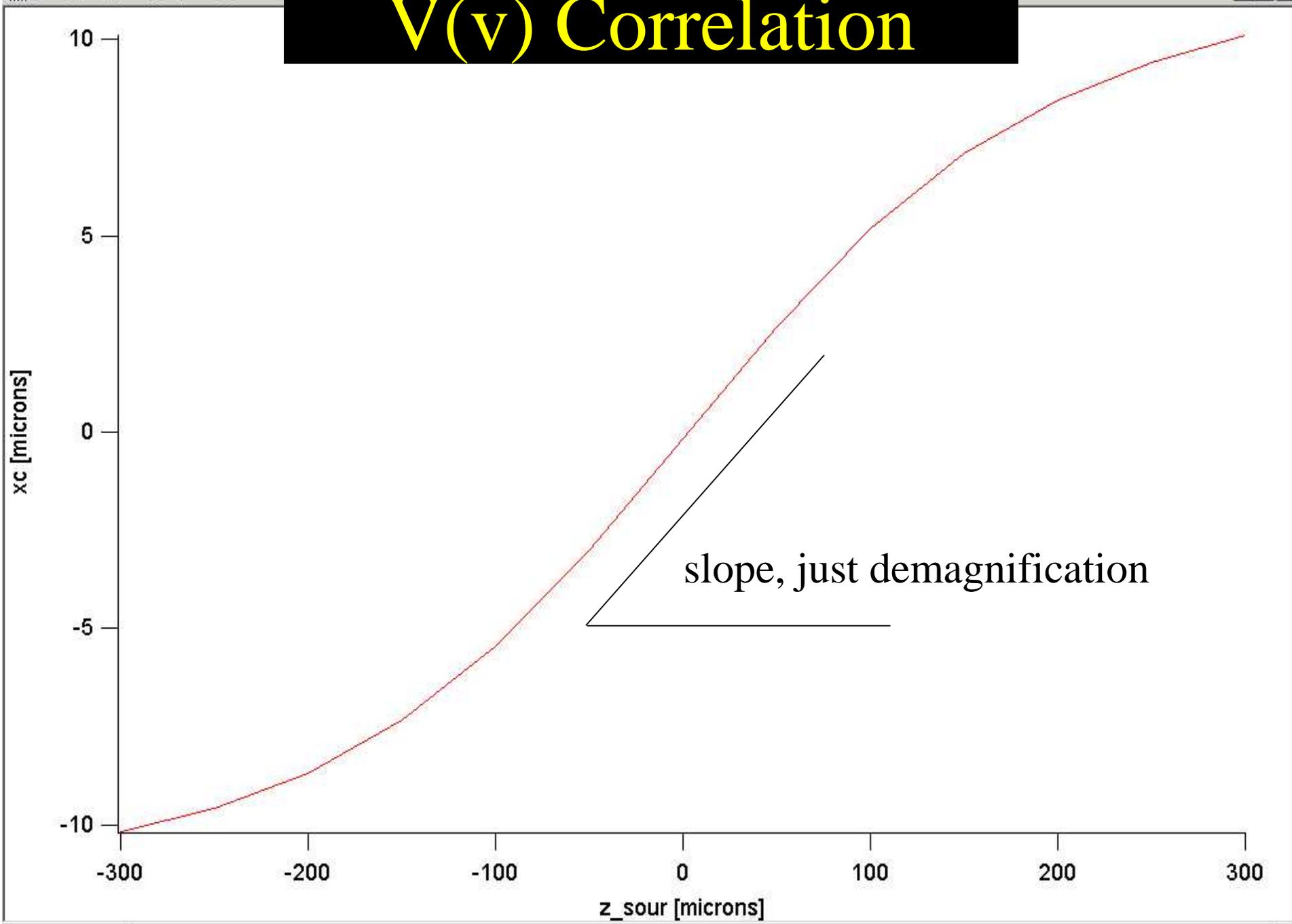
E(v) Functional



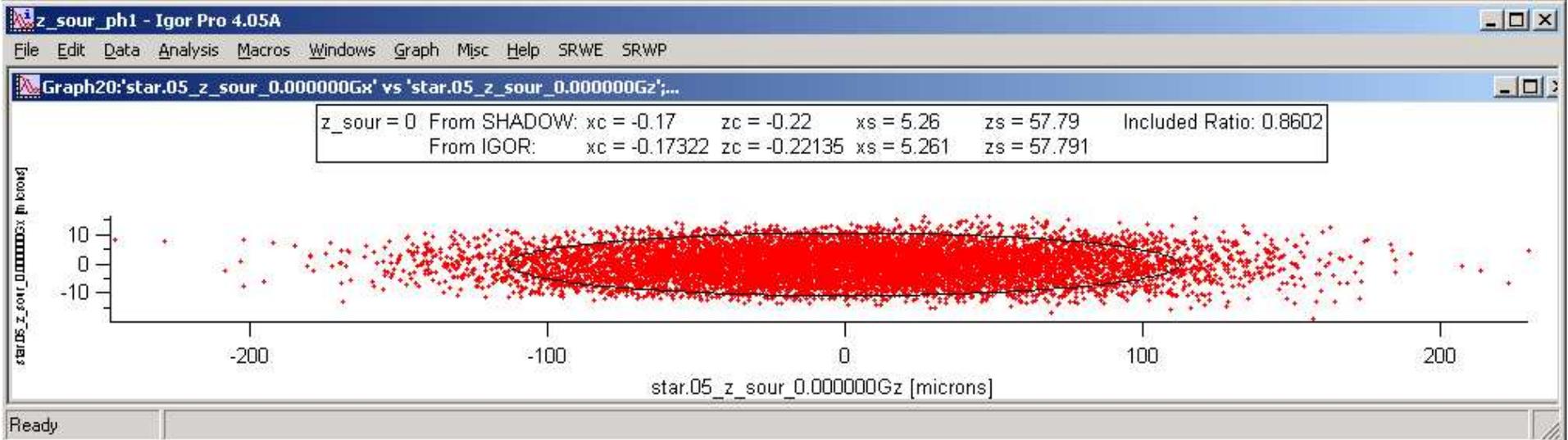
T(v) or L(v) Functional



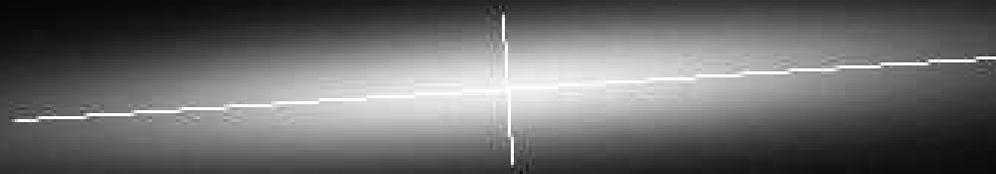
V(v) Correlation



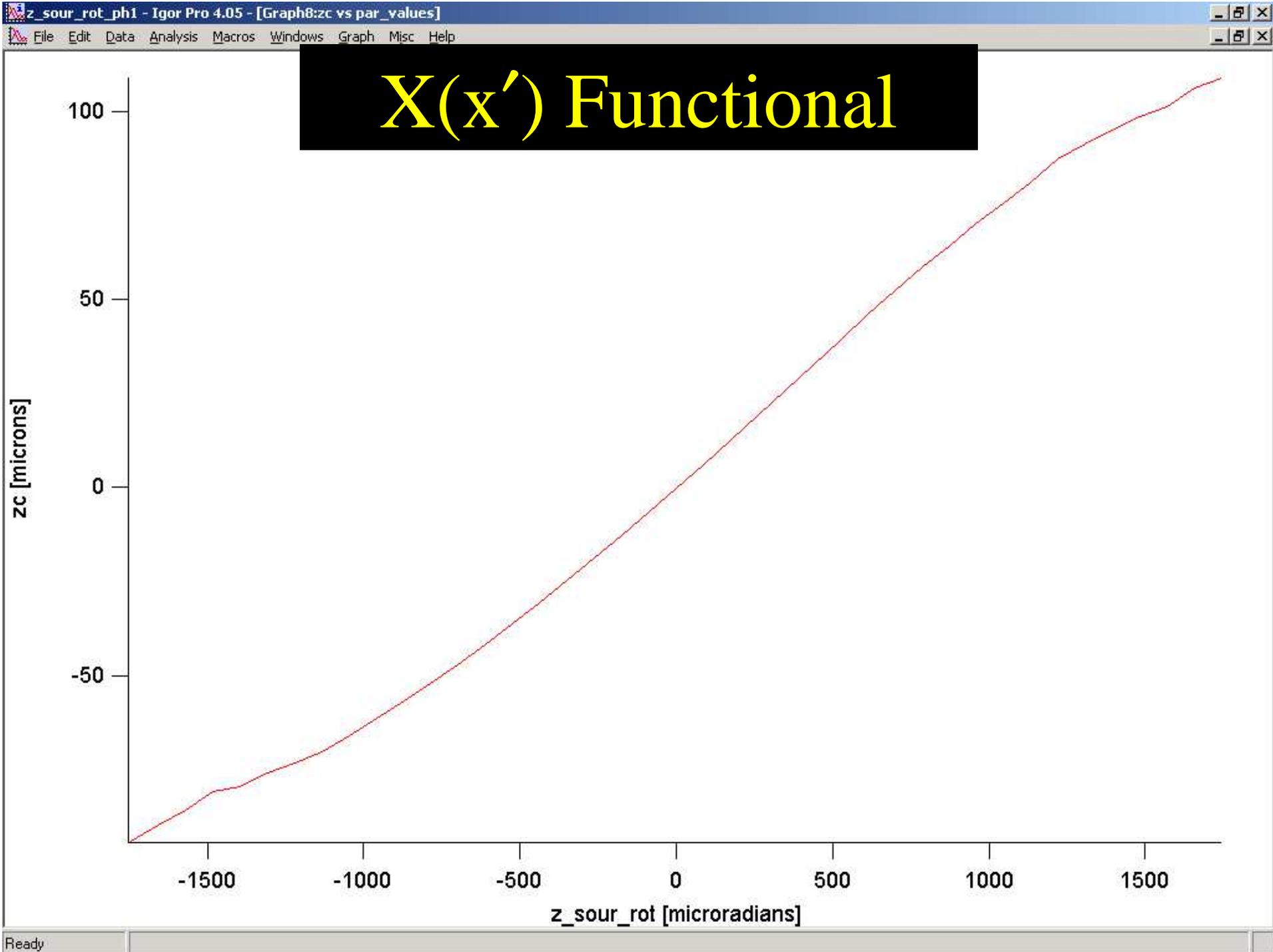
Included Image

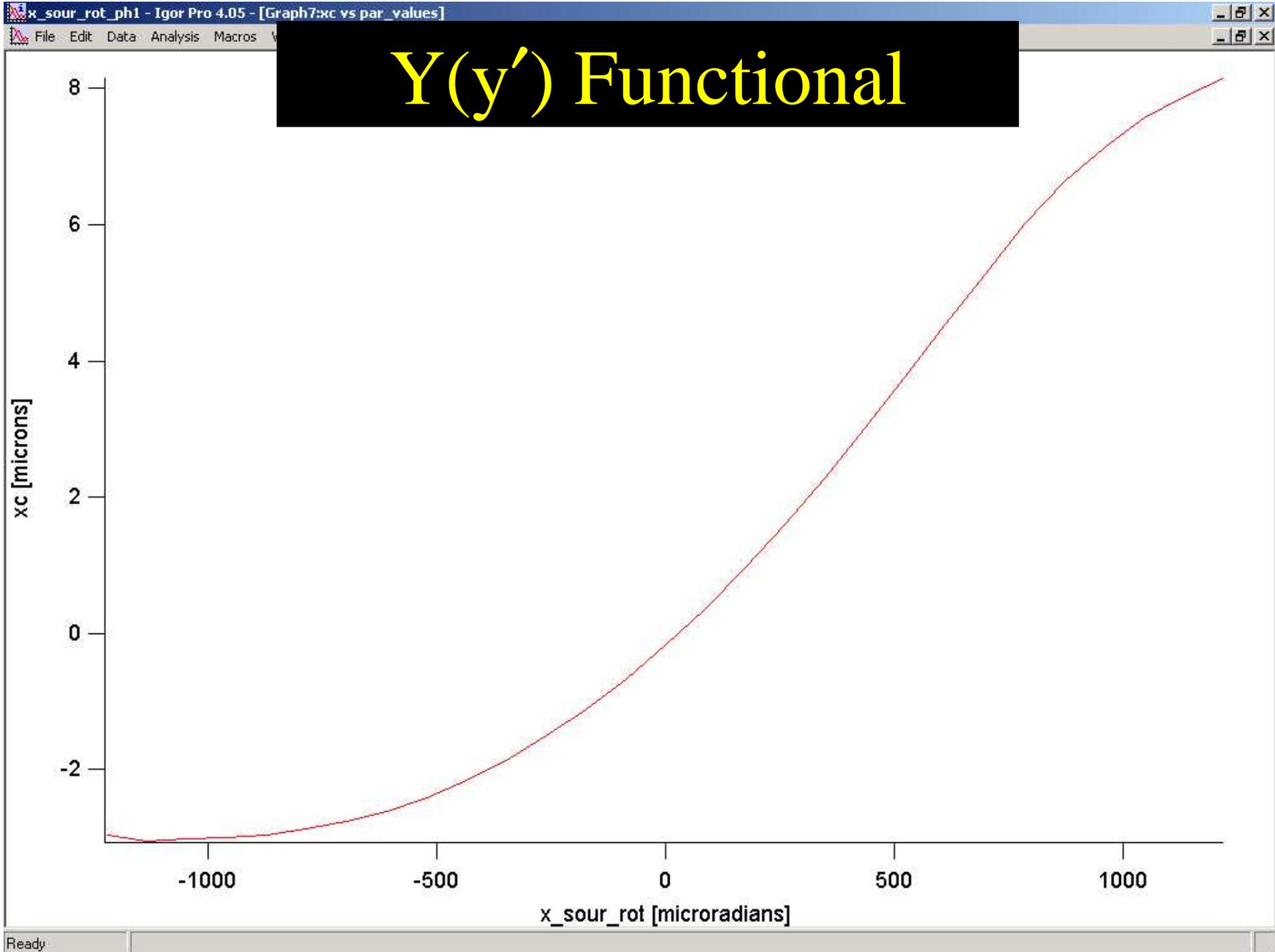


Source Image onto CCD



3.8 deg rotation
minor, vertical 63.5 microns
projected, vertical 71 microns
horizontal, 478 microns





Questions

- Pass believable test?
- Why see $X(x')$, $Y(y')$ “coupling”?